

1) Let $a_n = \frac{2n}{3n+1}$.

a) Determine whether a_n is convergent. Convergesb) Determine whether $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ is convergent. Diverges

Determine whether the series is convergent or divergent. If it is convergent, find its sum.

2) $3 + 2 + \frac{4}{3} + \frac{8}{9} + \dots$ Converges, 9

3) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 5 \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{n-1}$ Converges, 15

4) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-6)^{n-1}}{5^{n-1}}$ Diverges

5) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^n}{3^{n-1}}$

Converges, $\frac{3e}{3-e}$

6) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{n+5}$

Diverges

7) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3}{n}$

Diverges

8) $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2-1}$

Converges, $\frac{3}{2}$

$$9) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(n+1)^2}{n(n+2)} \quad \boxed{\text{Diverges}}$$

$$10) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2}{n^2 + 4n + 3} \quad \boxed{\text{Converges, } \frac{5}{6}}$$

$$11) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3^n + 2^n}{6^n} \quad \boxed{\text{Converges, } \frac{3}{2}}$$

$$12) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \arctan(n) \quad \boxed{\text{Diverges}}$$

13) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\cos 1)^n$

Converges, $\frac{\cos(1)}{1 - \cos(1)}$
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14) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{3}{n(n+3)} + \frac{5}{4^n} \right)$

Converges, $\frac{5}{3}$

Express the number as a ratio of integers.

15) $0.\overline{2}$

$\frac{2}{9}$

16) $0.\overline{73}$

$\frac{73}{99}$

$$17) 6.25\overline{4} \quad \boxed{\frac{344}{55}}$$

$$18) 0.12345\overline{6} \quad \boxed{\frac{41,111}{333,000}}$$

Find the values of x for which the series converges. Find the sum of the series for those values of x .

$$19) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{3^n} \quad \boxed{-3 < x < 3, \quad \frac{x}{3-x}}$$

$$20) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (x-4)^n \quad \boxed{3 < x < 5, \quad \frac{x-4}{5-x}}$$

21) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 4^n x^n$

$$\left| x \right| < \frac{1}{4}, \quad \frac{1}{1-4x}$$

22) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{\cos^n x}{2^n}$

$$\text{all real values of } x, \quad \frac{2}{2-\cos x}$$

23) If the n th partial sum of a series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$ is $s_n = \frac{n-1}{n+1}$ find a_n and $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n$.

$$a_n = \frac{2}{n(n+1)}, \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n = 1$$

24) What is the value of c if $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (1+c)^{-n} = 2$?

$$c = \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2}$$