

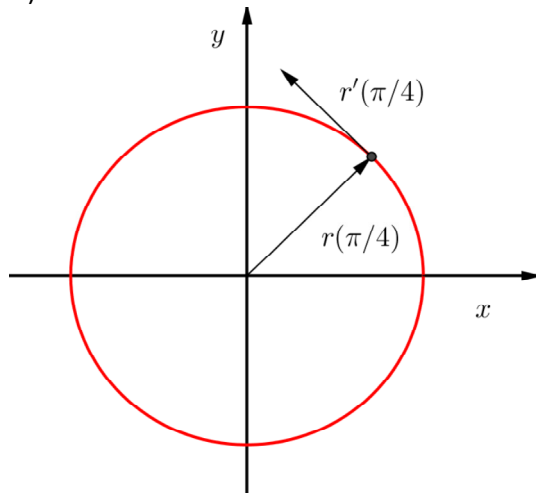
1) Given the vector function $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, \sin t \rangle$ find the following:

a) Sketch the plane curve.

b) Find $\mathbf{r}'(t)$

c) Sketch the position vector $\mathbf{r}(t)$ and the tangent vector $\mathbf{r}'(t)$ for $t = \frac{\pi}{4}$

a) c)



b) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle -\sin t, \cos t \rangle$

2) Find the derivative of the vector function

a) $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^3, -3t \rangle$

b) $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle a \cos^3 t, a \sin^3 t, 1 \rangle$

c) $\mathbf{r}(t) = e^{t^2} \mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + \ln(1+3t) \mathbf{k}$

d) $\mathbf{r}(t) = t\mathbf{a} \times (\mathbf{b} + t\mathbf{c})$

a) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle 3t^2, -3 \rangle$

b) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \langle -3a \cos^2 t \sin t, 3a \sin^2 t \cos t, 0 \rangle$

c) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \left\langle 2te^{t^2}, 0, \frac{3}{1+3t} \right\rangle$

d) $\mathbf{r}'(t) = \mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} + 2t(\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{c})$

3) Find the unit tangent vector $\mathbf{T}(t)$ at the point with the given value of the parameter t .

a) $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 6t^5, 4t^3, 2t \rangle, t = 1$

b) $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle \cos t, 3t, 2 \sin 2t \rangle, t = 0$

a) $\mathbf{T}(1) = \left\langle \frac{15}{\sqrt{262}}, \frac{6}{\sqrt{262}}, \frac{1}{\sqrt{262}} \right\rangle$

b) $\mathbf{T}(0) = \left\langle 0, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{4}{5} \right\rangle$

4) Find the open interval(s) on which the curve given by the vector function is smooth.

a) $\mathbf{r}(t) = (t-1)\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{t}\mathbf{j} - t^2\mathbf{k}$

b) $\mathbf{r}(t) = (t^3 + t)\mathbf{i} + t^4\mathbf{j} + t^5\mathbf{k}$

a) $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

b) $(-\infty, \infty)$

5) If $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, t^2, t^3 \rangle$, find the following:

a) $\mathbf{r}'(t)$

b) $\mathbf{T}(1)$

c) $\mathbf{r}''(t)$

d) $\mathbf{r}'(t) \times \mathbf{r}''(t)$

a) $\langle 1, 2t, 3t^2 \rangle$

b) $\left\langle \frac{1}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{2}{\sqrt{14}}, \frac{3}{\sqrt{14}} \right\rangle$

c) $\langle 0, 2, 6t \rangle$

d) $\langle 6t^2, -6t, 2 \rangle$

6) Find parametric equations for the tangent line to the curve with the given parametric equations:

$$x = \ln t, \quad y = 2\sqrt{t}, \quad z = t^2 \quad \text{at the point } (0, 2, 1).$$

$$x = t, \quad y = 2 + t, \quad z = 1 + 2t$$

7) Use the definition of the derivative to find $\mathbf{r}'(t)$ given that $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t^2, 0, 2t \rangle$.

$$\lim_{\Delta t \rightarrow 0} \langle 2t + \Delta t, 0, 2 \rangle = \langle 2t, 0, 2 \rangle$$

8) At what point do the curves $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle t, 1-t, 3+t^2 \rangle$ and $\mathbf{u}(s) = \langle 3-s, s-2, s^2 \rangle$ intersect? Also find their angle of intersection correct to the nearest degree.

$$(1, 0, 4), \quad \theta = \cos^{-1} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \approx 55^\circ$$

9) Find the indefinite integral:

a) $\int (4t^3 \mathbf{i} + 6t \mathbf{j} - 4\sqrt{t} \mathbf{k}) dt$

b) $\int (e^t \mathbf{i} + 2t \mathbf{j} + \ln t \mathbf{k}) dt$

a) $t^4 \mathbf{i} + 3t^2 \mathbf{j} - \frac{8}{3} t^{3/2} \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{C}$

b) $e^t \mathbf{i} + t^2 \mathbf{j} + (t \ln t - t) \mathbf{k} + \mathbf{C}$

10) Evaluate the definite integral:

a) $\int_0^{\pi/2} (3 \sin^2 t \cos t \mathbf{i} + 3 \sin t \cos^2 t \mathbf{j} + 2 \sin t \cos t \mathbf{k}) dt$

b) $\int_0^3 \|t \mathbf{i} + t^2 \mathbf{j}\| dt$

a) $\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$

b) $\frac{1}{3}(10^{3/2} - 1)$

11) Find $\mathbf{r}(t)$ if $\mathbf{r}'(t) = t^2 \mathbf{i} + 4t^3 \mathbf{j} - t^2 \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{r}(0) = \mathbf{j}$

$$\frac{1}{3}t^3 \mathbf{i} + (t^4 + 1) \mathbf{j} - \frac{1}{3}t^3 \mathbf{k}$$

12) If $\mathbf{u}(t) = \mathbf{i} - 2t^2 \mathbf{j} + 3t^3 \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{v}(t) = t \mathbf{i} + \cos t \mathbf{j} + \sin t \mathbf{k}$ find $\frac{d}{dt}[\mathbf{u}(t) \cdot \mathbf{v}(t)]$.

$$1 - 4t \cos t + 11t^2 \sin t + 3t^3 \cos t$$