

Find the curl \vec{F} for the vector field at the given point.

1) $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = xyz\mathbf{i} + xyz\mathbf{j} + xyz\mathbf{k}$, at the point $(2, 1, 3)$.

$$\boxed{4\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k}}$$

2) $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = e^{-xyz}(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k})$, at the point $(3, 2, 0)$.

$$\boxed{6\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j}}$$

Find the div \vec{F} for the vector field at the given point.

3) $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = e^x \sin y\mathbf{i} - e^x \cos y\mathbf{j} + z^2\mathbf{k}$, at the point $(3, 0, 0)$.

$$\boxed{0}$$

4) $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = \ln(xyz)(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k})$, at the point $(3, 2, 1)$.

$$\boxed{\frac{11}{6}}$$

5) Let f be a scalar field and \vec{F} a vector field. State whether each expression is meaningful. If not, explain why. If so, state whether it is a scalar field or a vector field.

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| a) $\text{curl } f$ | h) $\text{grad}(\text{div } f)$ |
| b) $\text{grad } f$ | i) $\text{curl}(\text{curl } \vec{F})$ |
| c) $\text{div } \vec{F}$ | j) $\text{div}(\text{div } \vec{F})$ |
| d) $\text{curl}(\text{grad } \vec{F})$ | k) $(\text{grad } f) \times (\text{div } \vec{F})$ |
| e) $\text{grad } \vec{F}$ | l) $\text{div}(\text{curl}(\text{grad } f))$ |
| f) $\text{grad}(\text{div } \vec{F})$ | |
| g) $\text{div}(\text{grad } f)$ | |

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|--|--|
| a) Meaningless because f is a scalar field. | h) Meaningless because f is a scalar field. |
| b) Vector Field. | i) Vector Field. |
| c) Scalar Field. | j) Meaningless because \vec{F} is not a scalar field. |
| d) Vector Field. | k) Meaningless because \vec{F} is not a scalar field. |
| e) Meaningless because \vec{F} is not a scalar field. | l) Scalar Field. |
| f) Vector Field. | |
| g) Scalar Field. | |

6) Determine whether or not the vector field $\vec{F}(x, y, z) = ye^{-x} \mathbf{i} + e^{-x} \mathbf{j} + 2z \mathbf{k}$ is conservative.

Not Conservative

7) Find the curl and the divergence of the vector field $\vec{\mathbf{F}}(x, y, z) = \langle xe^{-y}, xz, ze^y \rangle$.

$$\text{curl } \vec{\mathbf{F}} = \langle ze^y - x, 0, z + xe^{-y} \rangle, \quad \text{div } \vec{\mathbf{F}} = e^y + e^{-y}$$